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Coin/Button Lithium Manganese Dioxide Batteries + Bitter Coating

## **ARTICLE INFORMATION SHEET/SAFETY DATA SHEET (AIS/SDS)**

# Coin/Button Lithium Manganese Dioxide + Bitter Coating

This Article Information Sheet (AIS) provides relevant battery information to retailers, consumers, OEMs and other users requesting a GHS-compliant SDS. Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria is not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article. Branded consumer batteries are defined as electro-technical devices. The design, safety, manufacture, and qualification of Energizer and Rayovac branded consumer batteries follow ANSI and IEC battery standards.

### SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Energizer Battery		Document Number: 0424 – Lithium Coin + Bitter Coating		
Chemical System: Coin/Button Lithium Manganese Dioxide		Date Prepared: April 2024		
De	signed for Recharge: No		Valid Until: April 2027	
Pr	epared by: Energizer	Description Coin/Button Lithium Manganese Dioxide Batte		
		Use	Portable power source	
		Brand	RAYOVAC	
Energizer Brands LLC	Email for Information:	IEC Designation	Including but not limited to: CR (2016, 2025, 2032)	
533 Maryville University Drive	RayovacConsumerServices@energizer.com	Sizes	Including but not limited to: CR (2016, 2025, 2032)	
St. Louis, MO 63141	1-800-237-7000			
		Image Examples	PACK  PACK	

## SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Not applicable to Batteries which are classified as Articles

Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria are not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article.

**Inhalation:** Contents of an open battery can cause respiratory irritation. **Skin Contact:** Contents of an open battery can cause skin irritation. **Eye Contact:** Contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation.



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### SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

MATERIAL OR INGREDIENT	CAS #	%/wt.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0-1
1,2-Dimethoxyethane	110-71-4	0-6
1,3-Dioxolane	646-06-0	0-8
Graphite	7782-42-5	0-3
Lithium or Lithium Alloy	7439-93-2	1-6
Lithium Perchlorate	7791-03-9	0-3
Lithium Trifluoromethanesulfonate	33454-82-9	0-3
Lithium Trifluoromethanesulfonimide	90076-65-6	0-3
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	12-42
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	0-8
Denatonium Benzoate	3734-33-4	<20 ppm
Non-Hazardous Components:		20
Steel Plastic and Other	65997-19-5	Balance

# SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MESURES

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting or give food or drink. Seek medical attention immediately. CALL NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE for advice and follow-up (800-498-8666) day or night.

**Skin and Eyes:** In the even that a battery ruptures, flush exposed skin with flowing lukewarm water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention for eyes. Wash skin with soap and water.

#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE HAZARD & FIREFIGHTING**

In case of fire where lithium batteries are present, flood area with water or smother with a Class D fire extinguishant appropriate for lithium metal, such as Lith-X. Water may not extinguish burning batteries but will cool the adjacent batteries and control the spread of fire. Burning batteries will burn themselves out. Virtually all fires involving lithium batteries can be controlled by flooding with water. However, the contents of the battery will react with water and form hydrogen gas. In a confined space, hydrogen gas can form an explosive mixture. In this situation, smothering agents are recommended. A smothering agent will extinguish burning lithium batteries.

Emergency Responders should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Burning lithium manganese dioxide batteries produce toxic and corrosive lithium hydroxide fumes.



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#### **SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Not applicable to Batteries which are classified as Articles

**TO CONTAIN AND CLEAN UP LEAKS OR SPILLS:** In the event of a battery rupture, prevent skin contact and collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container.

**REPORTING PROCEDURE:** Report all spills in accordance with Federal, State and Local reporting requirement.

#### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Storage:** Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Elevated temperatures can result in shortened battery life. In locations that handle large quantities of lithium batteries, such as warehouses, lithium batteries should be isolated from unnecessary combustibles.

**Mechanical Containment:** If potting or sealing the battery in an airtight or watertight container is required, consult your Energizer Brands, LLC representative for precautionary suggestions. Do not obstruct safety release vents on batteries. Encapsulation of batteries will not allow cell venting and can cause high pressure rupture.

**Handling:** Accidental short circuit for a few seconds will not seriously affect the battery. Prolonged short circuit will cause the battery to lose energy, generate significant heat and can cause the safety release vent to open. Sources of short circuits include jumbled batteries in bulk containers, metal jewelry, metal covered tables or metal belts used for assembly of batteries into devices. Damaging a lithium battery may result in an internal short circuit.

The contents of an open battery, including a vented battery, when exposed to water, may result in a fire and/or explosion. Crushed or damaged batteries may result in a fire.

If soldering or welding to the battery is required, consult your Energizer representative for proper precautions to prevent seal damage or short circuit.

**Charging:** This battery is manufactured in a charged state. It is not designed for recharging. Recharging can cause battery leakage or, in some cases, high pressure rupture. Inadvertent charging can occur if a battery is installed backwards.

Labeling: If the Energizer label or package warnings are not visible, it is important to provide a package and/or device label stating:

WARNING: Battery can explode or leak and cause burns if installed backwards, disassembled, charged, or exposed to water, fire or high temperature.

Where accidental ingestion of small batteries is possible, the label should include:



(1) KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Swallowing may lead to serious injury or death in as little as 2 hours due to chemical burns and potential perforation of the esophagus. Immediately see doctor; have doctor phone (800) 498-8666. Keep in original package until ready to use. Dispose of used batteries immediately.

# **SECTION 8 – Exposure Controls**

Not applicable to Batteries which are classified as Articles

In case of rupture or leakage use hand protection. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

## SECTION 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Not applicable to Batteries which are classified as Articles

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## SECTION 10 – Stability and Reactivity

**STABLE OR UNSTABLE: Stable** 

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Not Applicable to articles.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not Applicable to articles.

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE (0°F): Not Applicable to articles.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will Not Occur

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID**: Avoid electrical shorting, puncturing or deforming

### SECTION 11 – Toxicological Information

MATERIAL OR INGREDIENT	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	%/wt.
Carbon Black (CAS# 1333-86-4)	3.5 mg/m³ TWA	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	0-1
1,2-Dimethoxyethane (CAS# 110-71-4)	None established	ned None established	
1,3-Dioxolane (CAS# 646-06-0)	None established	None established None established	
Graphite (CAS# 7782-42-5)	15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust) 5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (respirable fraction)	0-3
Lithium or Lithium Alloy (CAS# 7439-93-2)	None established	None established	1-6
Lithium Perchlorate (CAS# 7791-03-9)	None established	None established	0-3
Lithium Trifluoromethanesulfonate (CAS# 33454-82-9)	None established	None established	0-3
Lithium Trifluoromethanesulfonimide (CAS# 90076-65-6)	None established	None established	0-3
Manganese Dioxide (CAS# 1313-13-9)	5 mg/m³ Ceiling (as Mn)	0.2 mg/m³ TWA (as Mn)	12-42
Propylene Carbonate (CAS# 108-32-7)	None established	None established	0-8
Denatonium Benzoate (CAS# 3734-33-4)	None established	None established	<20 ppm
Non-Hazardous Components: Steel (iron CAS# 65997-19-5)	None established	None established	20
Plastic and Other	None established	None established	Balance

## SECTION 12 – Ecological Information

Dispose of properly when discharged. Use a recycling outlet if available. Those collecting batteries should follow state and federal regulations.

Partially discharged damaged batteries can overheat and cause fires in the presence of other combustible materials.



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#### **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

 $LiMnO_2$  batteries are not hazardous waste per the United States Resource Conservation and Recovery Act(RCRA) - 40 CFR Part 261 Subpart C. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

### **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORAMTION**

In general, all batteries in all forms of transportation (ground, air, or ocean) must be packaged in a safe and responsible manner. Regulatory concerns from all agencies for safe packaging require that batteries be packaged in a manner that prevents short circuits and be contained in "strong outer packaging" that prevents spillage of contents. All original packaging for Energizer lithium batteries are compliant with these regulatory concerns.

Energizer lithium manganese dioxide batteries are not subject to additional provisions of dangerous goods regulations as they meet the requirements of the special provisions listed below. (Essentially, they are properly packaged and labeled, contain less than 1 gram of lithium and pass the tests defined in UN model regulation section 38.3).

Regulatory Body	Special Provisions		
IMDG	188, 230, 310, 376, 377, 384, 387, 390		
UN	UN 3090, UN 3091		
US DOT	49 CFR 173.185		
IATA, 65 <sup>th</sup> Edition	PI 968 – PI 970		
ICAO	PI 968 – PI 970		

Energizer is registered with CHEMTEL. In the event of an incident during transport call 1-800-526-4727 (North America) or 1-314-985-1511 (International).

A global lithium label chart is provided below to summarize the current global labeling requirements.

## **Label Summary Chart**

Shipping Mode	Li content	Net quantity wt. of batteries per package	Battery Type		المناف	CARGO ANGRAFI ONLY  TERRORA PARAMETRIA AFFANTI
AIR	0.3g to <1g/cell 0.3g to <2g/ battery	<u>&lt;</u> 2.5 kg	L91, L92, L522	YES	YES	YES
	<0.3g/cell	<u>&lt;</u> 2.5kg	All Li Coin and 2L76	YES (if more than once package in consignment)	YES	YES
	<0.3g/cell	>2.5kg	All Li Coin and 2L76	YES	YES	YES
Land/ Sea only	All	All	All	NO	YES	YES*

<sup>\*</sup>Orange CAO label is only required on land/sea shipments when in the US. If the shipment is not intended for international air, it is allowable to us the "US DOT Prohibition Statement".



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### **SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **Applicable Battery Industry Standards**

North America Standards			ANSI C18.4
International Standards	IEC 60086-1	IEC 60086-2	IEC 60086-4

#### 15.1 Battery

- SARA/TITLE III: As an article, this battery and its contents are not subject to the requirements of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act.
- USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996: No mercury added
- 3. EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC Amended 2013/56/EU: Energizer batteries are compliant with all aspects of the Directive

### 15.2 General

- CPSIA 2008: Exempt
- 2. US CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500): Not applicable since batteries are defined as articles
- 3. USA EPA TSCA (40 CFR 707.20): Not applicable since batteries are defined as articles
- 4. USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261): Classified as non-hazardous waste per ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxicity testing
- 5. California Prop 65: No warning required
- 6. DTSC Perchlorate labeling: No warning required
- 7. **EU REACH SVHC:** 1,2 dimethoxyethane (DME) is present above 0.1% w/w

#### 15.3 Article Definitions

1. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, Section 1910.1200(c)

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Energizer has prepared copyrighted Article Information Sheets to provide information on the different Eveready/Energizer/Rayovac battery systems. Batteries are articles as defined under the GHS and exempt from GHS classification criteria (Section 1.3.2.1.1 of the GHS). The information and recommendations set forth herein are made in good faith, for information only, and are believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation. However, ENERGIZER BRANDS, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS INFORMATION AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FROM REFERENCE ON IT.

#### 16.1 ACRONYM GLOSSARY

- 1. ANSI: American National Standards Institute
- 2. CPSC: Consumer Product Safety Commission
- 3. CPSIA: Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act
- 4. DTSC: Department of Toxic Substances Control
- 5. EPA: Environmental Protection Agency
- 6. FHSA: Federal Hazardous Substances Act
- 7. GHS: Globally Harmonized System for Hazard Communication
- 8. IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission
- 9. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- 10. RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
- 11. SDS: Safety Data Sheet
- 12. <u>SVHC</u>: Substances of Very high Concern
- 13. TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act